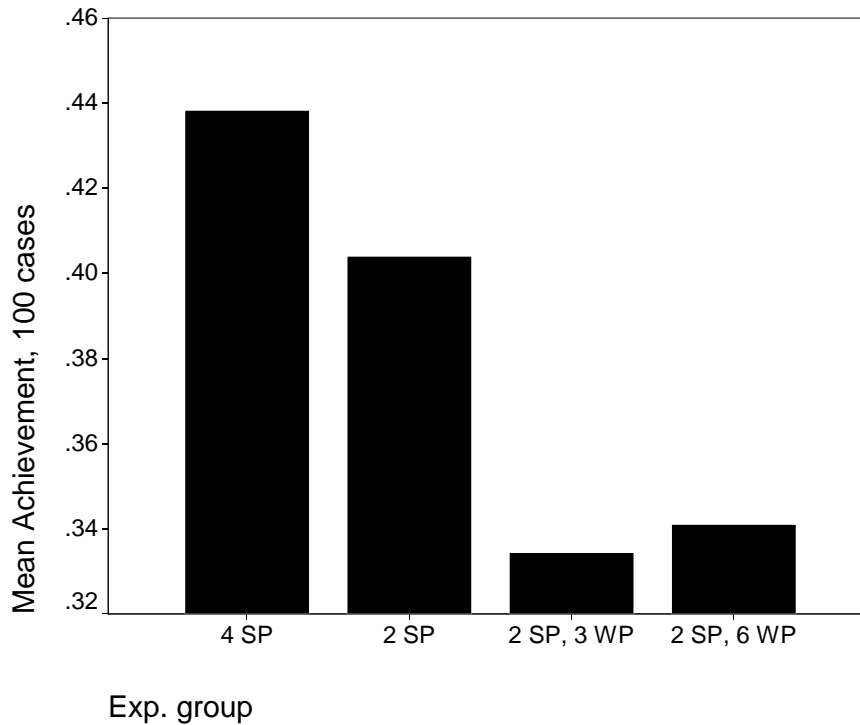


BAR GRAPH

A bar graph is particularly useful for visually inspecting the results of a factorial design, although it can also be used with a one-way design. Specify the dependent variable and one or more between-subjects factors by which to break it down. In both examples below, the dependent variable is accuracy (*ach100*). In the first example, there is one between-subjects factor (*grp4*), whereas in the second example, there are two between-subjects factors (*grp4* and *account*).

```
graph
  /bar(simple) = mean(ach100) by grp4 .
```

Graph



```
graph
  /bar(grouped) = mean(ach100) by grp4 by account .
```

Graph

